Rehab and Specialty Services

What does this program do?

Provides payment for audiology, optometrics, durable medical equipment, ambulance, rehabilitation services, hospice, diabetes self-management training and comprehensive day rehabilitation for Medicaid/MC+ recipients.

What is the statutory base?

State: RSMo 208.152

Federal: Social Security Act Section 1905(a)(12) and (18), 1905(o); Federal Regulation 42 CFR 410.40, 418, 431.53, 440.60, 440.120, 440.130 and 440.170

Is this a federally mandated program?

No for adults. Yes for children.

What is the funding?

State Fiscal Year	General Revenue	Federal	Other	Total
2001	\$27.0 mil	\$44.8 mil	\$0	\$71.8 mil
2002	\$33.0 mil	\$54.0 mil	\$0.2 mil	\$87.2 mil
2003*	\$43.7 mil	\$74.4 mil	\$1.0 mil	\$119.1 mil
2004*	\$46.9 mil	\$71.8 mil	\$1.0 mil	\$119.7 mil

*Non-Emergency Medical Transportation was moved into a separate appropriation. For purposes of comparability to prior years, it is shown as part of the Rehab and Specialty funding in those years.

What is the source of the non-general revenue funding?

Title XIX (Medicaid), Health Initiative Fund, Healthy Families Trust-Health Care Account

Who is eligible?

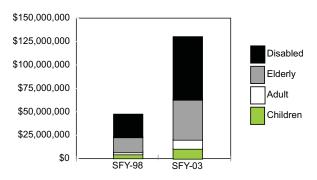
Rehab and specialty services are available to all Medicaid eligibles. In those regions of the state where MC+ managed care has been implemented enrollees have rehab and specialty services available through the MC+ managed care health plans.

What are the number of unduplicated recipients of rehab and specialty services?

SFY-2001	SFY-2002	SFY-2003
157,432	178,001	173,634

How has the distribution of rehab and specialty expenditures changed over the last 5 years?

Rehab And Speciality Expenditures Children, Adults, Elderly And Disabled



The table (below) shows how expenditures have changed over the last 5 years.

	SFY-98	SFY-03	Change
Children	\$3.9 mil	\$10.4 mil	+\$6.5 mil
Adults	\$2.4 mil	\$9.4 mil	+\$7.0 mil
Elderly	\$15.8 mil	\$43.2 mil	+\$27.4 mil
Disabled	\$24.2 mil	\$66.3 mil	+\$42.1 mil